

# NONLINEAR STATE ESTIMATION

$$x(t+1) = f(x(t), u(t), w(t))$$

$$y(t) = h(x(t)) + v(t)$$

$x(t) \in \mathbb{R}^m$  : state vector

$u(t) \in \mathbb{R}^m$  : deterministic input (known)

$w(t) \in \mathbb{R}^d$  : process disturbance

$w(t) \in WN(0, Q)$

$$f(x, u, w) : \mathbb{R}^m \times \mathbb{R}^m \times \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$$

$y(t) \in \mathbb{R}^p$  : output vector

$v(t) \in \mathbb{R}^p$  : measurement noise

$v(t) \in WN(0, R)$

$w(t)$ ,  $v(t)$ ,  $x(0)$  are independent

$$h(x) : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^p$$

Assumption:  $f(\cdot, \cdot, \cdot)$  and  $h(\cdot) \in C^1$

State estimation problem:

Compute an estimate  $\hat{x}(t|t)$  of  $x(t)$   
based on the knowledge of  $u(k) \forall k$   
and of  $\mathcal{Y}^t = \{y(0), y(1), \dots, y(t)\}$ .

## Extended Kalman Filter (EKF)

Prediction Step

$$\hat{x}(t+1|t) = f(\hat{x}(t|t), u(t), \emptyset)$$

$$P(t+1|t) = F(t) P(t|t) F^T(t) + G(t) Q G^T(t)$$

where

$$F(t) \triangleq \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Bigg|_{\begin{array}{l} x = \hat{x}(t|t) \\ u = u(t) \\ w = \emptyset \end{array}}$$

$$G(t) \triangleq \frac{\partial f}{\partial w} \Bigg|_{\begin{array}{l} x = \hat{x}(t|t) \\ u = u(t) \\ w = \emptyset \end{array}}$$

Correction step

$$\hat{x}(t+1|t+1) = \hat{x}(t+1|t) + K(t+1) (y(t+1) - h(\hat{x}(t+1|t)))$$

$$K(t+1) = P(t+1|t) H^T(t+1) \left[ H(t+1) P(t+1|t) H^T(t+1) + R \right]^{-1}$$

$$P(t+1|t+1) = P(t+1|t) \left[ I - H^T(t+1) K^T(t+1) \right]$$

where

$$H(t+1) = \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=\hat{x}(t+1|t)}$$

## Observations on the EKF

- 1) The computed estimates  $\hat{x}(t|t)$  and  $\hat{x}(t+1|t)$  are not guaranteed to be the LMSE estimates of  $x(t)$  and  $x(t+1)$  based on  $Y^t$ . Moreover,  $P(t|t)$  and  $P(t+1|t)$  are not the true covariances of  $\tilde{x}(t|t)$ ,  $\tilde{x}(t+1|t)$ .
- 2) The matrices  $F(t)$ ,  $G(t)$ ,  $H(t)$  depend on the current estimates  $\hat{x}(t|t)$ ,  $\hat{x}(t+1|t)$ , which in turn depend on the data realization  $Y^t$ . Therefore the gain and  $P$  matrices of the EKF cannot be pre-computed.
- 3) Possible problems :
  - \* divergence
 
$$\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \|x(t) - \hat{x}(t|t)\| = +\infty$$
or 
$$\lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} P(t|t) = +\infty$$

\* inconsistency  
at some time  $t$

$$P(t|t) \ll E[(x(t) - \hat{x}(t|t))(x(t) - \hat{x}(t|t))^T]$$

4) Extension : the continuous-discrete EKF

$$\dot{\tilde{x}}(t) = f(x(t), u(t)) + Gw(t) \quad t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y(t_k) = h(x(t_k)) + v(t_k) \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

prediction : for  $t \in [t_k, t_{k+1}]$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \hat{x}(t|t_k) = f(\hat{x}(t|t_k), u(t))$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} P(t|t_k) = F(t) P(t) + P(t) F^T(t) + G Q G^T$$

where  $F(t) = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Big|_{\begin{array}{l} x = \hat{x}(t_k|t_k) \\ u = u(t) \end{array}}$

Correction

.. same as in standard EKF !